

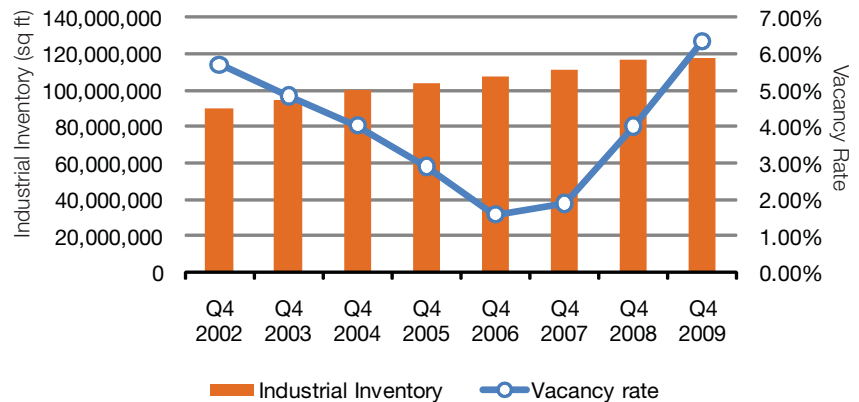
Economic Summary

Slowly but surely Canada's economy had emerged from the "Great Recession" of 2008-2009. Canada's Real GDP expanded in the last quarter of 2009, the first gain since the Q3 of 2008. Growth was led by domestic consumption and expenditures, both personal and business. The Canadian employment picture also continues to be stronger than anticipated: the latest figures show employment rose by 79,000 positions, bringing the employment rate down 0.1 percentage points to 8.5%. Canada's housing sector continues show gains; housing prices have climbed 16.8% nationally from their January 2009 lows, aided by low interest rates and pent up demand. Going forward, Canada's economy is expected to expand by 2.6% in 2010 and 3.9% in 2011 based on increased world trade, strong domestic demand and a stabilization of resource prices. Canada's high dollar and uncertainty surrounding the US economy are impediments to a Canadian recovery.

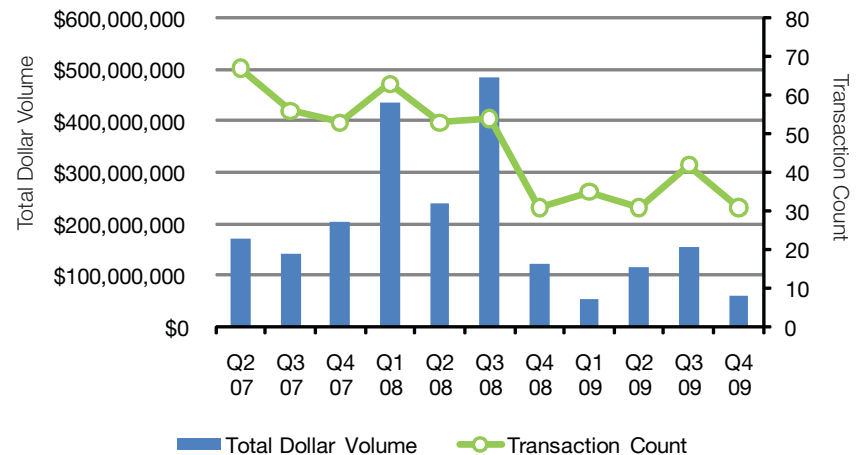
In 2009 Alberta's GDP contracted by 2.8%, the second largest provincial contraction in the nation. Decreased capital spending, particularly in oil and gas sector has reduced the demand for labor, sending the provincial unemployment rate to a 13 year high of 7.4%. Alberta's economy is expected to rebound in 2010 with growth of 2.4% and build momentum into 2011 where growth is expected to accelerate to 4.4%.

Calgary's economy experienced a decline in 2009; Real GDP contracted 2.5% and the unemployment rate increased to 7.0%, up from 3.4% in 2008. City of Calgary building permits totalled \$3.7 billion for 2009, down from the high of 2007 but still above the 10 year average. Led by government and institutional spending, non-residential permits accounted for \$2.21 billion of the total dollar volume. Industrial building permits totalled \$31 million in 2009, down from \$248 million the prior year. Calgary's economy is expected to expand by 1.2% in 2010 led by housing and stronger world demand for Alberta's resources.

Vacancy and Industrial Inventory



Investment in Industrial Real Estate



Source: RealNet Canada

Calgary Industrial Market Summary

The vacancy rate in the Calgary industrial market continued to edge higher in Q4, rising 57 basis points to 6.34%. In response to a reduced demand for industrial real estate inventory growth has slowed dramatically and the vacancy rate continues to rise. The amount of sublease space on the market accounts for approximately 15% of the total space available, putting downward pressure on rental rates across the city in all size categories. Net absorption for the year was -418,812 sq ft, as tenants gave space back to the market and landlords continued to search for new tenants to absorb the existing product.

The most positive development for the industrial real estate market has been the improved business sentiment and optimism going forward among users and business owners. There has been a noticeable uptick in the amount of tours and general interest in the past two quarters, reflecting renewed optimism in the economy and future growth prospects. The owner occupied segment of the market has been relatively active; many of the companies, shut out of the market in past years due to scarcity of product, are now looking to take advantage of the depressed prices and increased selection. That said, decision makers are still scrutinizing any real estate transactions closely; completing extensive due diligence and ensuring that their businesses can support any expansion.

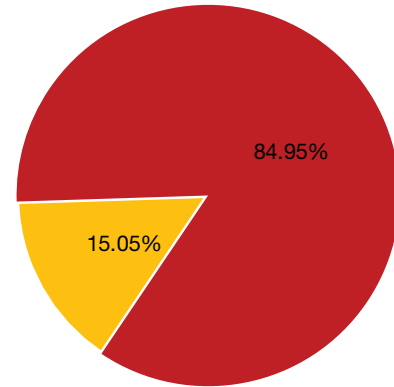
Developers and landlords have quickly reacted to a more competitive marketplace. With fewer tenants, more bankruptcies and increased competition from sublease space, many landlords have become more flexible and accommodating when dealing with tenants. The spread between asking rates and rates at which transactions occur has narrowed considerably in the past 2 quarters. Developers and landlords have been creative when dealing with tenants possessing strong covenants and a willingness to transact immediately.

Any speculative construction has stopped or has been delayed in response to the lack of growth and number of expanding tenants. This sudden change should help contain the vacancy rate for industrial product on a go forward basis. Development underway has likely been designed for a specific user or tenant; projects such as the recently completed UPS facility or the new Bartle & Gibson's project underway in northeast Calgary are examples.

After three quarters of declining lease rates, asking rates remained stable in Q4. While there was a small decrease in the small bay category, many landlords had already lowered their rates in response to an increasingly competitive marketplace. This stabilization of rates may indicate that new "market prices" are being established and it is anticipated that in the future downward pressure on rates will be less intense.

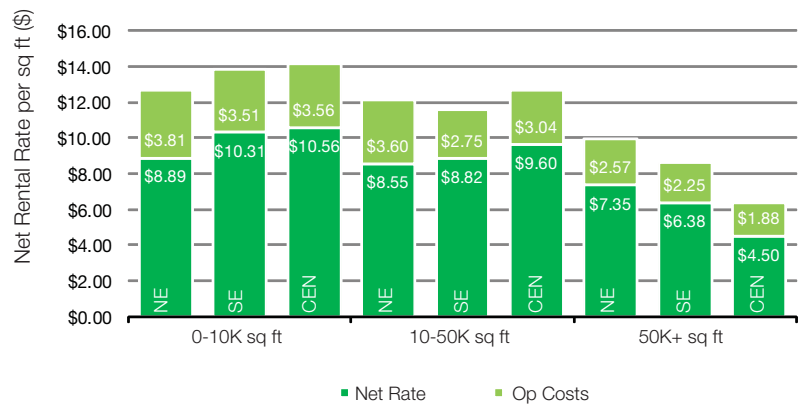
| Vacancy Rate in Industrial Area | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------|-------|
| | Q4 2009 | Trend |
| Northeast | 6.70% | ↑ |
| Southeast | 7.69% | ↑ |
| Central | 4.14% | ↓ |
| City Wide | 6.34% | ↑ |
| 2009 Net Absorption | -418,182 sq ft | |

Ratio of Space by Lease Type

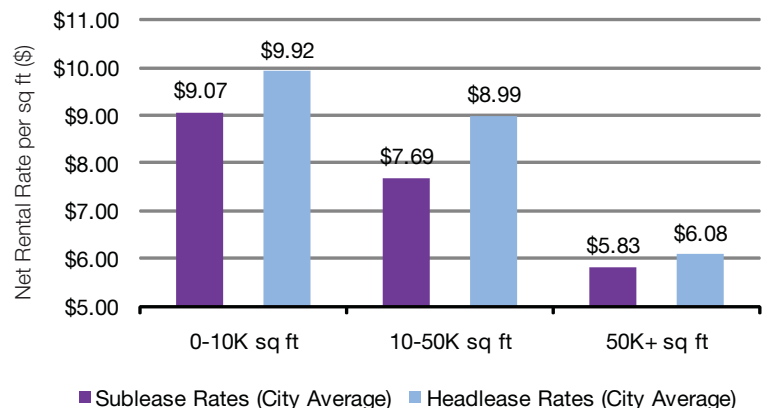


■ Sublease sq ft ■ Headlease sq ft

Average Gross Rental Rate (Asking)



Headlease vs Sublease Rates



Sales of industrial product have also rebounded from the lows of Q1 2009. The number of transactions has picked up and the dollar volume has increased. On average industrial condos continue to trade for \$140-\$170 per sq ft for undeveloped space and \$170-\$200 per sq ft for developed space. Larger buildings continue to trade in a much larger spread, between \$80-\$130 per sq ft. The larger spread can be attributed to specific factors such as lot size, location, building age and re-development potential.

Demand for industrial land remains relatively subdued. In the past, the lack of vacancy and availability of existing product within the city has substantially increased demand for developable land in Calgary and the surrounding area. In contrast, the higher vacancy rate and increase in other existing real estate options has seen the demand for industrial land diminish. We can therefore expect demand for industrial land to remain low until some of the existing inventory has been absorbed and users once again see the benefits of developing new versus relocating to an existing facility. Serviced lots within the city limit start at \$500,000 per acre and climb to over \$800,000 for prime location. Semi-serviced land along the 84th street corridor starts at \$265,000 per acre. In Airdrie/Balzac, serviced land starts at \$425,000 per acre but can be priced as high as \$650,000 per acre depending upon access and exposure.

| Existing New Development | | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|
| Project | Developer | Size | Area Vacant | Percent Leased |
| Stoney Industrial Centre | WAM Developments | 1,111,627 sq ft | 316,435 sq ft | 71% |
| Great Plains Distribution | ING-OPUS | 657,800 sq ft | 473,000 sq ft | 28% |
| TCC AirFreight & Logistics Centre | Trammell Crow | 503,729 sq ft | 234,619 sq ft | 55% |
| Rangewinds Industrial | Sun Life Financial | 456,461 sq ft | 137,260 sq ft | 70% |
| Hopewell Airport Park | Hopewell Development | 308,832 sq ft | 112,319 sq ft | 63% |
| Canal Industrial Park - Building A | Bentall LLP | 226,897 sq ft | 53,474 sq ft | 76% |

| Planned Industrial Developments | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------|
| Project | Address | Developer | Size |
| Canal Industrial Park - Building B | 68 th Street & 108 th Avenue SE | Bentall LLP | 404,077 sq ft |
| Hopewell Distribution Park - Phase II | 5855 - 68 th Avenue & 7000 57 th Avenue SE | Hopewell Development | 853,780 sq ft |
| Wagon Wheel Industrial | 261216 Wagon Wheel Road | One World Developments | 310,150 sq ft |
| Wagon Wheel Industrial | SW 11 Blk 3 Lots 1, 2, 6 & 7 | GPM | 456,300 sq ft |

| Planned Industrial Parks | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Project | Address | Developer | Size |
| Points North Business Park | HWII & HW 567 | Centron-Homburg | 130 acres |
| Saddleridge Business Park | 80 th Avenue & 40 th Street NE | Verus/ING | 300 acres |
| Oxford Airport Park | HW II & Airport Trail NE | Oxford Properties | 201 acres |
| Stonegate Landing | HW II & Country Hills Boulevard NE | WAM Developments | 1,100 acres |
| Frontier Industrial Park-Phase 1 | Township Road 240 & 84 th Street SE | Remington Development Corporation | 160 acres |
| Wesview Business Park | 100 th Street SE & Glenmore Trail | Wesgroup | 118 acres |

| Top Industrial Sales - Q4 2009 | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| Address | Size | Price | Price/sq ft | Lot Size |
| 700 33 rd Street NE | 59,573 | \$6,000,000 | \$101 | 3.56 acres |
| 3 Kingsview Road SE | 25,474 | \$4,600,000 | \$181 | 4.46 acres |
| 3680 44 th Avenue SE | 8,955 | \$4,500,000 | \$164 | 4.33 acres |
| 2115 27 th Avenue NE | 49,985 | \$4,150,000 | \$83 | 2.14 acres |
| 1245 73 rd Avenue SE | 31,494 | \$4,100,000 | \$130 | 1.4 acres |

Source: RealNet Canada

2009 Year in Review

Looking back, 2009 represented a dramatic change of fortune for the Calgary industrial market. After years of unprecedented growth, booming development and robust leasing, these trends quickly reversed in response to a depressed global economy. In terms of transaction size, velocity and dollar volume 2009 was a down year for Calgary industrial real estate.

Q1 and Q2 2009 were especially slow. Tenants, developers and landlords all pulled back sharply, waiting to assess the damage from the recession. In 2009, net absorption was -418,182 sq ft and the vacancy rate climbed from 4.96% to 6.34%. The amount of sublease space on the market rose as tenants attempted to give space back to the market. Rental rates decreased across all size categories, pushed lower by sublease competition and a decrease in tenants in the marketplace.

Confidence and general business sentiment picked up in Q3 and Q4. Landlords adjusted their rates down and user's confidence began to return. Although still below levels seen in year passed, touring, RFPs and deal velocity all increased in the latter half of 2009.

While Calgary experienced a difficult and changing business climate in 2009, it was not alone in the Canadian marketplace. East coast cities such as Toronto (7.76%) and Montreal (7.3%) saw their vacancy climb, and western centers like Vancouver (4.6%) and Edmonton (4.02%) also saw their rates increase in response to a weaker economy.

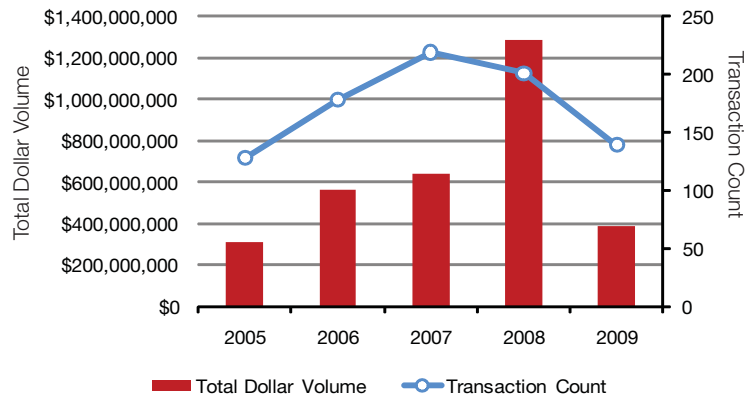
Looking Ahead to 2010

Looking ahead to 2010 we can expect to see a continued increase in the number of transactions taking place in the industrial marketplace, a further stabilization of rental rates, and a narrowing of spreads between asking and transaction prices.

The industrial vacancy rate should fall towards the end of 2010 as a result of available product being absorbed and a shortage of planned new construction. Currently, much of the vacancy within the Calgary market is in the large bay distribution category. Given the lead time it takes to plan and develop this type of real estate, combined with the lack of new space scheduled to be brought on to the market, the availability could be reduced quickly with a relatively small number of transactions.

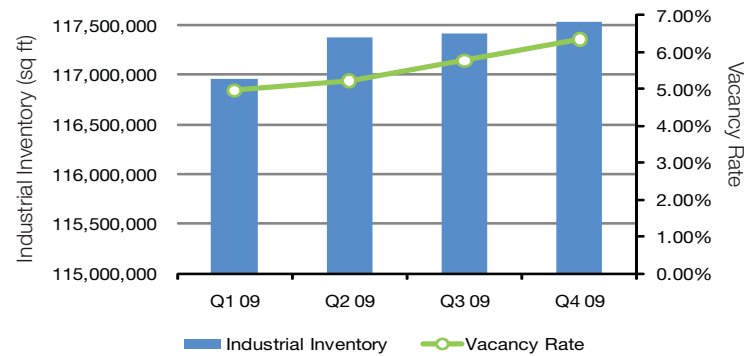
For tenants and owner/users that are in a strong financial position, 2010 should be a year of opportunities. The depressed prices, lower lease rates and increased product selection could provide a chance to acquire, expand, and reposition real estate on terms more favorable than in previous years.

Investment in Industrial Real Estate: 2005-2009

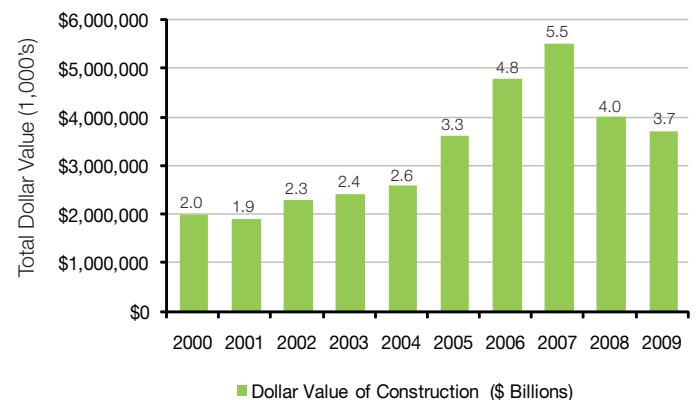


Source: RealNet Canada

Vacancy and Industrial Inventory: 2009



\$ Value of Building Permits: 2000-2009



Source: City of Calgary

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